

Date Prepared: December 6, 2003



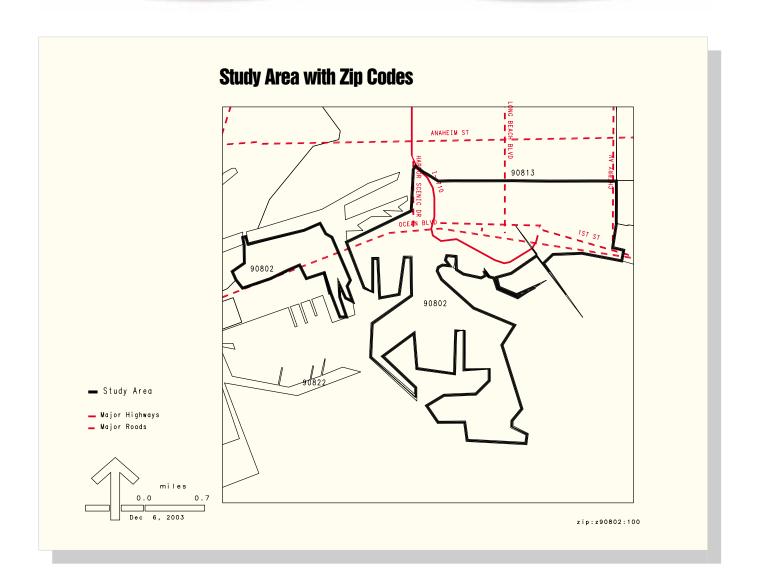
Study Area Definition: **Zin Code 90802** 

**People and Place** ... pgs 2 & 4

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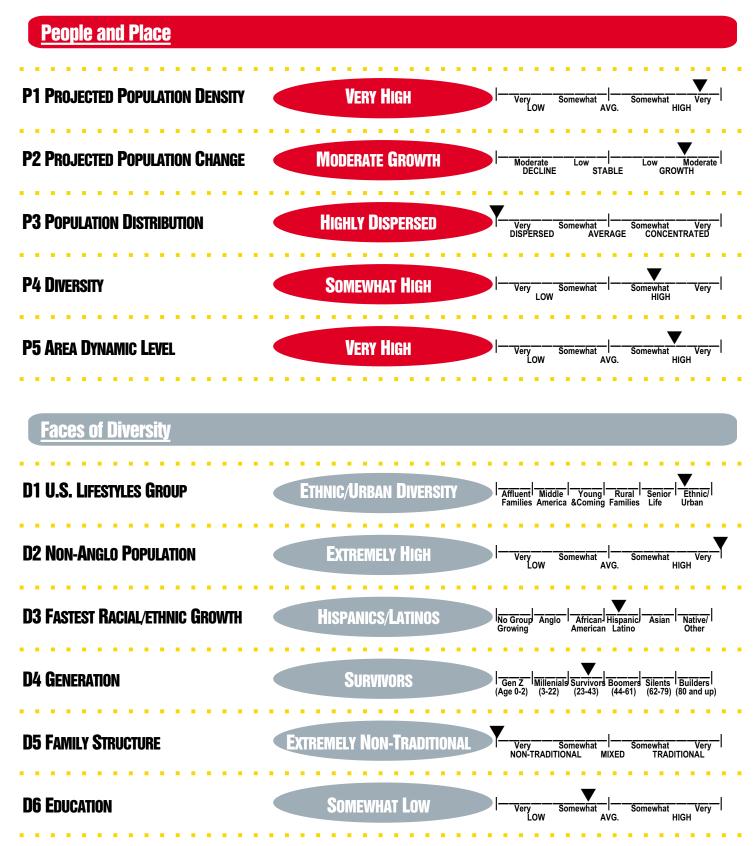




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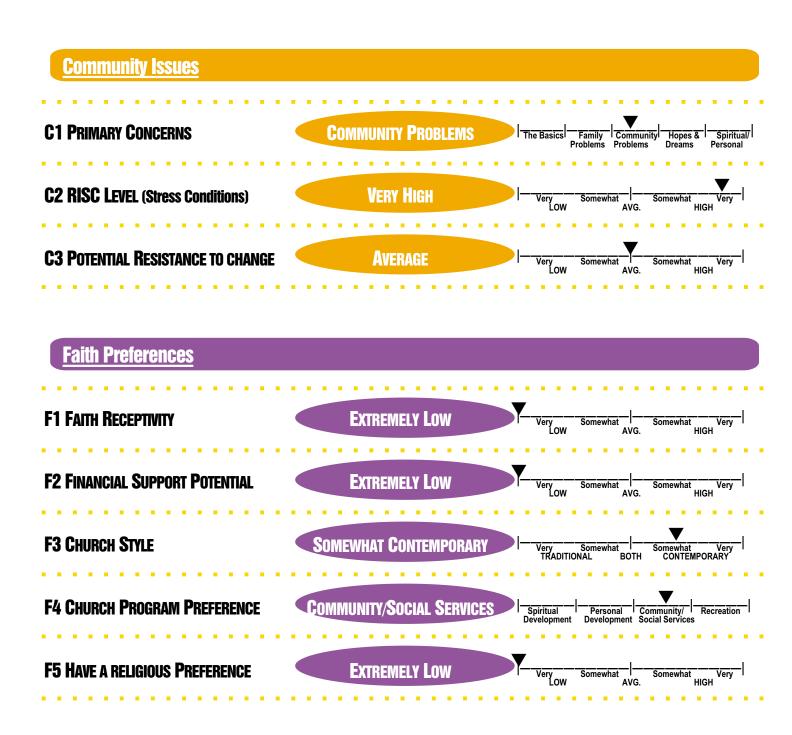




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Study Area Definition:

## **Zip Code 90802**



## **People and Place Detail**

#### P1: How many people live in the defined study area?

Currently, there are 41,245 persons residing in the defined study area. The population has changed little if at all since 1990. During the same period of time, the U.S. as a whole grew by 16.9%. (see MAP page 4)

#### P2: Is the population in this area projected to grow?

Yes, between 2004 and 2009, the population is projected to increase by 7.4% or 3,037 additional persons. During the same period, the U.S. population is projected to grow by 5.3%. (see MAP page 4)

#### P3: How spread out is the population in the study area?

In the study area, the top three quarters of the population resides in approximately 100% of the geographical area. In the U.S. as a whole and in the average community, the top 75% of the population resides in just 25% of the populated geographical area. In comparison, the study area population is *highly dispersed* within the overall area.

#### P4: What is the overall level of diversity in the area?

Based upon the number of different lifestyle and racial/ethnic groups in the area, the overall diversity in the study area can be described as *somewhat high*. See D1 and D2 below.

F	Population History	1990	2000	2004	2009
	& Projection	Census	Census	Update	Projection
	Study Area	41,113	39,422	41,245	44,282

Population Change	Change From		PROJECTED Change From 2004 to 2009	
Study Area	-4%	5%	7%	
U.S. AVERAGE	13%	3%	5%	

#### P5: How dynamic is the study area?

As the population density and overall diversity in an area increase, the environment becomes more complex and challenging. Given these factors, the study area dynamic level can be described as *very high*.

# **Faces of Diversity Detail**

#### D1: How much lifestyle diversity is represented?

The lifestyle diversity in the area is *somewhat low* with 17 of the 50 U.S. Lifestyles segments represented. Of the six major segment groupings, the largest is referred to as *Ethnic and Urban Diversity* which accounts for 60.2% of the households in the area. The top individual segment is *Struggling Urban Diversity* representing 35.5% of all households. (see MAP pages 13 and 14)

Households By U.S. Lifestyles Group	Affluent Families	Middle American Families	Young and Coming		Senior Life	Ethnic & Urban Diversity
Study Area	1%	2%	36%	1%	< 1%	60%
U.S. AVERAGE	15%	31%	15%	13%	7%	18%

# D2 & D3: How do racial or ethnic groups contribute to diversity in this area?

Based upon the total number of different groups present, the racial/ethnic diversity in the area is *extremely high*. Among individual groups, *Anglos* represent 31.4% of the population and all other racial/ethnic groups make up a substantial 68.6% which is well above the national average of 32%. The largest of these groups, *Hispanics/Latinos*, accounts for 40.9% of the total population. *Hispanics/Latinos* are also projected to be the fastest growing group increasing by 13.7% between 2004 and 2009. (see MAP pages 4 and 7)

Population By Race/Ethnicity	Anglo	African- American	Hispanic	Asian	Native Am. and Other
Study Area	31%	18%	41%	6%	4%
U.S. AVERAGE	68%	12%	13%	4%	3%

#### D4: What are the major generational groups represented?

The most significant group in terms of numbers and comparison to national averages is <code>Survivors</code> (age 23 to 43) who make up 39.5% of the total population in the area compared to 28.4% of the U.S. population as a whole.  $_{\mbox{\scriptsize (See MAP page 4)}}$ 

Population By Generation	Gen Z 0 to 2	Millenials 3 to 22	Survivors 23 to 43	Boomers 44 to 61	Silents 62 to 79	Builders 80 & up
Study Area	4%	27%	40%	27%	8%	3%
U.S. AVERAGE	3%	30%	28%	30%	12%	4%



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## **Faces of Diversity Detail (cont.)**

#### D5: Overall, how traditional are the family structures?

The area can be described as *extremely non-traditional* due to the below average presence of married persons and two-parent families. (see MAP page 6)

#### D6: How educated are the adults?

Based upon the number of years completed and college enrollment, the overall education level in the area is *somewhat low*. While 74.2% of the population aged 25 and over have graduated from high school as compared to the national average of 80.4%, college graduates account for 24.1% of those over 25 in the area versus 24.4% in the U.S. (see MAP page 8)

Population By Marital Status (15 and older)	Single (never married)	Divorced or Widowed	Married
Study Area	47%	19%	34%
U.S. AVERAGE	27%	16%	57%

Households with Children by Marital Status Single Mothers		Single Fathers	Married Couples	
Study Area	40%	13%	46%	
U.S. AVERAGE	23%	7%	69%	

Adult Population By Education Completed	Less than High School	High School	Some College	College Graduate	Post Graduate
Study Area	26%	19%	31%	16%	8%
U.S. AVERAGE	20%	29%	27%	16%	9%

## **Community Issues Detail**

#### C1: Which household concerns are unusually high in the area?

Concerns which are likely to exceed the national average include: *Affordable Housing, Neighborhood Gangs, Racial/Ethnic Prejudice, Neighborhood Crime and Safety, Social Injustice* and *Finding Companionship.* As an overall category, concerns related to *Community Problems* are the most significant based upon the total number of households and comparison to national averages. (See MAP page 16)

Households Primary Cond Group	erns	The Basics	Family Problems	Community Problems	Hopes and Dreams	Spiritual/ Personal
Study Are	a	27%	10%	20%	27%	15%
U.S. AVERAG	SE .	24%	11%	16%	30%	15%

#### C2: What is the overall community stress level in the area?

Conditions which can contribute to placing an area at risk (particularly, the children) are at an overall *very high* level. This is evidenced by noting that on the whole the area is significantly above average in the characteristics known to contribute to community problems such as households below poverty line, adults without a high school diploma, households with a single mother and unusually high concern about issues such as community problems, family problems, and/or basic necessities such as food, housing and jobs. (see MAP pages 5, 6, 8, 9 and 16)

Regionally Indexed Stress Conditions (RISC)	House- holds Below Poverty (\$15,000)	House- holds with Children: Single Mothers	Adult Pop.: High School Dropouts	Primary Concerns: The Basics	Primary Concerns: Family Problems	Primary Concerns: Commu- nity Problems
Study Area	<b>29</b> %	40%	26%	27%	10%	20%
U.S. AVERAGE	14%	23%	20%	24%	11%	16%

#### C3: How much overall resistance to change is likely in the area?

Based upon the assumption that as a group of people become older and more diverse the potential for resistance to change becomes more significant, the area's potential resistance is likely to be *about average*. (see MAP pages 4-5, 13-14)

Population By Age and Diversity	Average Age	Overall Lifestyle and Racial/Ethnic Diversity
Study Area	34.6	7
U.S. AVERAGE	37.0	5



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### **Faith Preferences Detail**

#### F1: What is the likely faith receptivity?

Overall, the likely faith involvement level and preference for historic Christian religious affiliations is *extremely low* when compared to national averages. (see MAP page 15)

#### F2: What is the likely giving potential in the area?

Based upon the average household income of \$37,878 per year and the likely contribution behavior in the area, the overall religious giving potential can be described as *extremely low*. (see MAP page 4 and 17)

# F3: Do households prefer an overall church style which is more traditional or contemporary?

Based upon likely worship, music and architectural style preferences in the area, the overall church style preference can be described as *somewhat contemporary*. (see COMPASS pages 3 and 4)

# F4: Which general church programs or services are most likely to be preferred in the area?

Church program preferences which are likely to exceed the national average include: *Cultural Programs (Music, Art, etc.), Twelve-Step Programs, Spiritual Retreats* and *Care for the Terminally III.* As an overall category, programs related to *Community/Social Services* are the most significant based upon total number of households and comparison to national averages. (See COMPASS page 2)

#### F5: How likely are people to have some religious preference?

In the study area, 74.3% of the households are likely to express a preference for some particular religious tradition or affiliation, well below the national average of 85.1%. (see MAP page 15)

Households By Faith Involvement Level	Not Involved	Somewhat Involved	Strongly Involved
Study Area	48%	24%	28%
U.S. AVERAGE	35%	30%	35%

Households By Religious Giving Potential	Average Annual Household Income	Households Contributing More Than \$500 per Year to Churches	
Study Area	\$37,878	25%	
U.S. AVERAGE	\$63,207	31%	

Households By Church Styles Preferences	Worship: Tradi- tional	Music: Tradi- tional	Archi- tecture: Tradi- tional	Worship: Contem- porary	Music: Contem- porary	Archi- tecture: Contem- porary
Study Area	17%	22%	23%	26%	19%	19%
U.S. AVERAGE	20%	24%	27%	26%	20%	16%

Households By Church Program Preference Category	Spiritual Development	Personal Development	Community/ Social Services	Recreation
Study Area	26%	9%	23%	36%
U.S. AVERAGE	25%	10%	20%	38%

Households By Religious Preference	No Preference	Non-"Historic Christian" Groups	"Historic Christian" Groups
Study Area	26%	12%	63%
U.S. AVERAGE	15%	8%	77%